

Black hole X-ray binary Swift_J1658p2-4242: <https://arxiv.org/pdf/1910.07804.pdf>

1. Unzip the level1 data:

```
cd /home/jayashree/Desktop/LT_workshop/Swift_J1658p2-4242
>unzip LEVL1AS1LXP20180220T02_004T01_9000001910_12977.zip
>unzip LEVL1AS1LXP20180220T02_004T01_9000001910_12978.zip
>unzip LEVL1AS1LXP20180220T02_004T01_9000001910_12980.zip
>unzip LEVL1AS1LXP20180220T02_004T01_9000001910_12981.zip
>unzip LEVL1AS1LXP20180220T02_004T01_9000001910_12982.zip
```

OUTPUT :

The orbit files inside the folder : /home/jayashree/Desktop/LT_workshop/Swift_J1658p2-4242/20180220_T02_004T01_9000001910_level1/laxpc\$ ls

12977 12978 12980 12981 12982

2. Create Analysis folder:

```
>~/home/jayashree/Desktop/LT_workshop/Swift_J1658p2-4242$ mkdir Analysis
```

3. In the Analysis folder set the path of laxpc level1 data (Set the variable \$LAXPCDATAPATH to where your data is ending with the laxpc directory)

```
/home/jayashree/Desktop/LT_workshop/Swift_J1658p2-4242$cd Analysis
/home/jayashree/Desktop/LT_workshop/Swift_J1658p2-4242/Analysis$export
LAXPCDATAPATH="/home/jayashree/Desktop/LT_workshop/Swift_J1658p2-4242/20180220_T02_004T01_9000001910_level1/laxpc"
```

4. Initialize heasoft:

```
/home/jayashree/Desktop/LT_workshop/Swift_J1658p2-4242/Analysis$heainit
```

Creating level2 events file and gti

5. Make data files list of level1 data

```
jayashree@jayashree:~/Desktop/LT_workshop/Swift_J1658p2-4242/Analysis$ laxpc_make_filelist
```

OUTPUT: eventfiles filterfiles orb_filelist

6. Create level2 fits event file from level1 event files

```
jayashree@jayashree:~/Desktop/LT_workshop/Swift_J1658p2-4242/Analysis$ laxpc_make_event  
eventfiles
```

OUTPUT: level2.event.fits

7. Create good time interval (gti) file by removing removes earth occultation and SAA

```
jayashree@jayashree:~/Desktop/LT_workshop/Swift_J1658p2-4242/Analysis$ laxpc_make_stdgti  
filterfiles
```

OUTPUT: usergti.fits

Create lightcurve in 3-50 keV energy range from corrected level2 fits event file

6. Create eneinput file in 3-50 keV energy band.

```
jayashree@jayashree:~/Desktop/LT_workshop/Swift_J1658p2-4242/Analysis$ gedit eneinput
```

```
jayashree@jayashree:~/Desktop/LT_workshop/Swift_J1658p2-4242/Analysis$ more eneinput
```

```
3.0 50.0
```

7. To make lightcurve in 3-50 keV using all layers from LAXPC 10 and LAXPC 20 data

USAGE: `laxpc_make_lightcurve [-p (which pcu? all or e.g. 12)] [-t timebin] [-u (user gti ascii file)] [-o output filename] [-e energy define file] [-l Layer no] level2.event.fits`

```
jayashree@jayashree:~/Desktop/LT_workshop/Swift_J1658p2-4242/Analysis$ laxpc_make_lightcurve -u usergti.fits -t 50.0 -p 12 -e eneinput -o lightcurve_p12 level2.event.fits
```

OUTPUT: `lightcurve_p12_3.0_50.0keV.lc`

Plotting Lightcurve using task “lcurve”

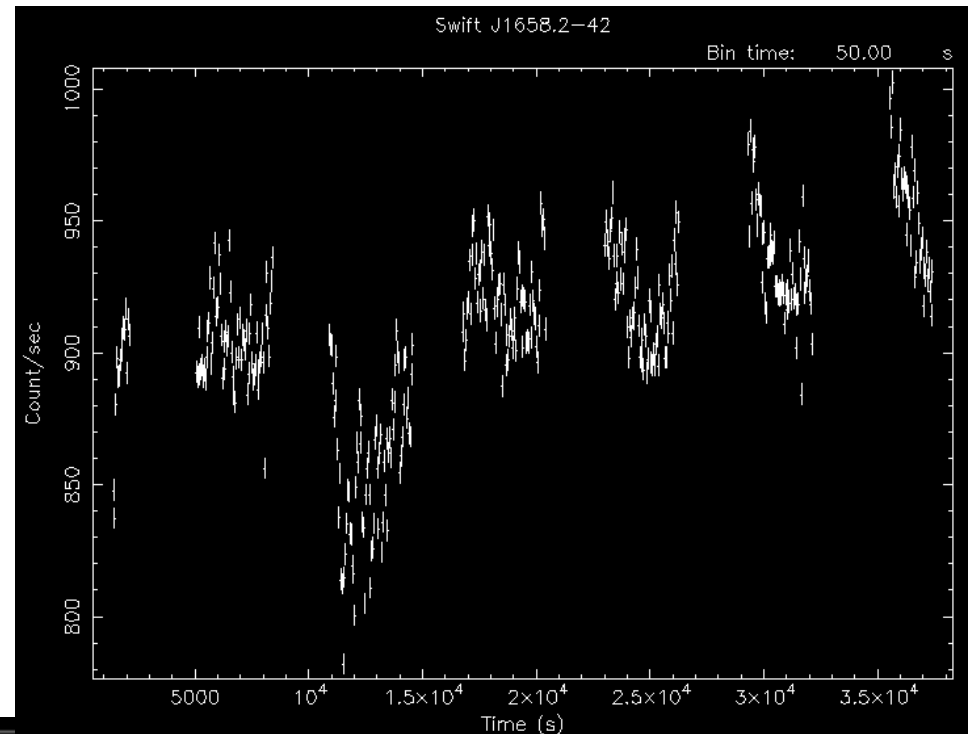
8. Plotting lightcurve using lcurve

USAGE: `lcurve nser file(s)+options window dtnb nbint outfile plot plotdev`

```
jayashree@jayashree:~/Desktop/LT_workshop/Swift_J1658p2-4242/Analysis$ lcurve 1  
lightcurve_p12_3.0_50.0keV.lc
```

`window=default dtnb=50.0 nbint=722 outfile=default plot=yes plotdev=/xw`

OUTPUT: `lightcurve_p12_3.0_50.0keV.flc`



Generating Spectrum and Background Spectrum

9. SPECTRUM USAGE: `laxpc_make_spectra [-u (user gti ascii file)] [-r resp_files] [-l Layer no] [-g Energy grouping factor] level2.event.fits`

```
jayashree@jayashree:~/Desktop/LT_workshop/Swift_J1658p2-4242/Analysis$ laxpc_make_spectra -u usergti.fits level2.event.fits
```

OUTPUT: `spectrum_10.pha spectrum_20.pha spectrum_30.pha`

`spectrum_grp_10.pha spectrum_grp_20.pha spectrum_grp_30.pha`

`lx10v1.0.rmf lx20csh01v1.0.rmf lx30cshp28v1.0.rmf`

10. BACKGROUND USAGE: `laxpc_make_backspectra -u (user gti file) -g igain -l ilayer -s syserr`

```
jayashree@jayashree:~/Desktop/LT_workshop/Swift_J1658p2-4242/Analysis$ laxpc_make_backspectra -u usergti.fits filterfiles
```

OUTPUT: `backlxp10.pha backlxp20.pha backlxp30.pha`

Generating Background Lightcurve in 3-50 keV energy band

11. Creating background lightcurve:

USAGE: `laxpc_make_backlightcurve -p` (which pcu? all or e.g. 12) `-t timebin -u user_gti_file -e energy define file -l Layer no -s syserr filterfiles`

```
jayashree@jayashree:~/Desktop/LT_workshop/Swift_J1658p2-4242/Analysis$ laxpc_make_backlightcurve -u  
usergti.fits -t 50.0 -p 12 -e eneinput filterfiles
```

OUTPUT: `Back_lightcurve_3.0_50.0keV.lc`

TASK: You can plot the background light curve using task “lcurve” as explained earlier.

Create background subtracted lightcurve task “lcmath”:

```
~/Desktop/LT_workshop/Swift_J1658p2-4242/Analysis$ lcmath
```

Name of input FITS file[] `lightcurve_p12_3.0_50.0keV.lc`

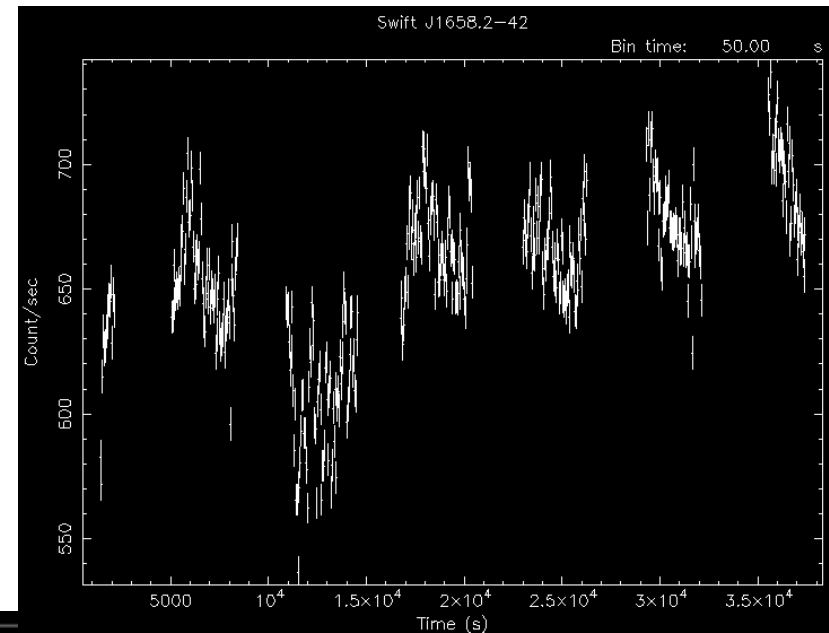
Name of background FITS file[] `Back_lightcurve_3.0_50.0keV.lc`

Name of output FITS file[] `net_lightcurve_p12_3.0_50.0keV.lc`

Scaling factor for input[] `1.0`

Scaling factor for background[] `1.0`

Add instead of subtract?[] `No`



Create Power Density Spectrum in 3-15 and 15-30 keV:

9. Power Density Spectrum:

USAGE: `laxpc_freq_lag [-u user gti file] [-p (which pcu? all or e.g. 12)] [-h max freq] [-l min freq] [-f frequer] [-r ref_PCU] [-e energy define file] [-o output filename] [-L layer] eventfile`

```
jayashree@jayashree:~/Desktop/LT_workshop/Swift_J1658p2-4242/Analysis$ laxpc_find_freq_lag -u
```

```
usergti.fits -p 12 -l 0.01 -h 10.0 -f 2 -e eneinput1 level2.event.fits
```

Here eneinput1 file contains 3-15 and 15-30 keV energy information.

OUTPUT: 1Pow_level2.event 2Pow_level2.event Lag_level2.event Tpow_level2.event

PLOT: `gnuplot> plot '1Pow_level2.event' u 3:8 w l`

10. Fitting of QPO & Rebinning power density spectra which loads the data in xspec

```
jayashree@jayashree:~/Desktop/LT_workshop/Swift_J1658p2-4242/Analysis$ laxpc_rebin_power powfiles
```

OUTPUT: 1Pow_level2.event 2Pow_level2.event

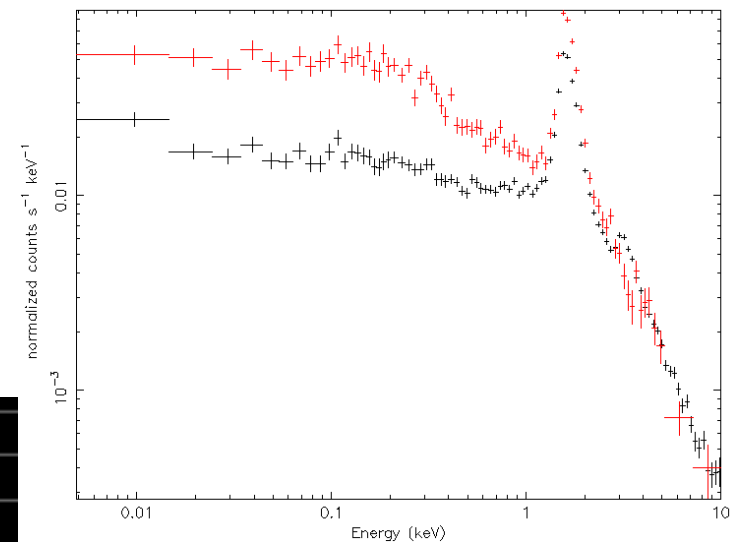
```
Plot: XSPEC>data reb_Pow_level2.event.pha1
```

```
XSPEC>data 2:2 reb_Pow_level2.event.pha2
```

```
XSPEC12>setp ene
```

```
XSPEC>cpd/xw
```

```
XSPEC>pl ld
```



Dynamical Power Density Spectrum:

9. Dynamical Power Density Spectrum:

USAGE: `laxpc_dynpower [-u user gti file] [-p (which pcu? all or e.g. 12)] [-h max freq] [-l min freq] [-t time segment] [-e energy define file] [-o output filename] eventfile`

```
jayashree@jayashree:~/Desktop/LT_workshop/Swift_J1658p2-4242/Analysis$laxpc_dynpower -u usergti.fits  
-p 12 -h 3.0 -l 0.1 -t 10 -e eneinput1 level2.event.fits
```

OUTPUT: `Dyn_3.0_15.0keV_level2.event Dyn_15.0_30.0keV_level2.event`

10. Plotting dynamical PDS in gnuplot:

```
~/Desktop/LT_workshop/Swift_J1658p2-4242/Analysis
```

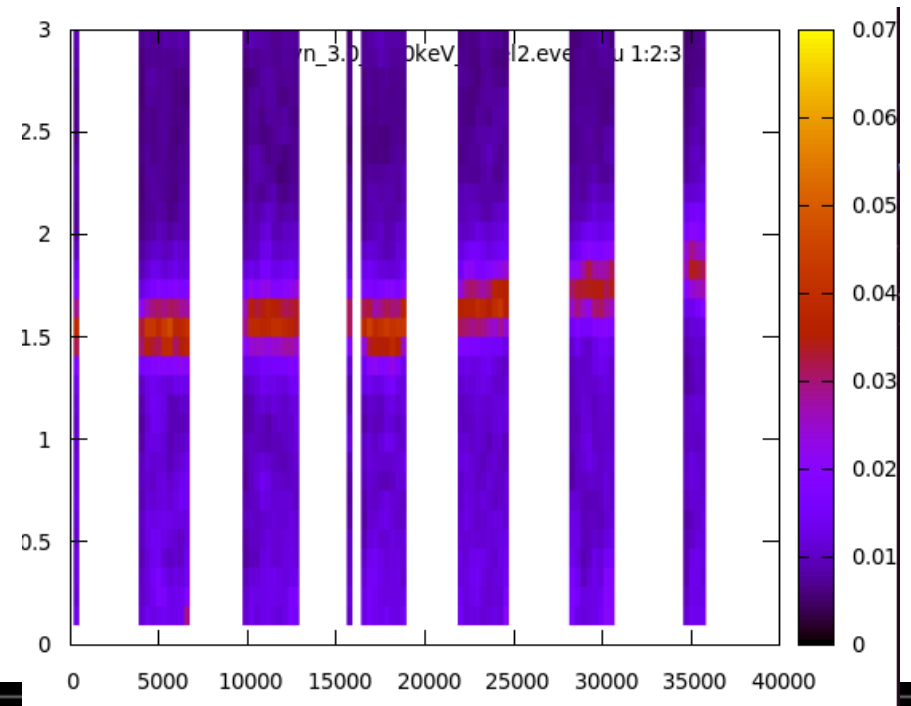
```
$gnuplot
```

```
gnuplot> set pm3d map
```

```
gnuplot> sp "Dyn_3.0_15.0keV_level2.event" u 1:2:3
```

Column 1 is time, column 2 is frequency and column 3

is power



FRACTIONAL RMS & TIME LAG (QPO at 1.561 Hz)-I

11(a). Divide the data in two segment based on Dyamical pds.

```
jayashree@jayashree:~/Desktop/LT_workshop/Swift_J1658p2-4242/Analysis$ cp usergti.fits seg_1_usergti.fits
```

Open seg_1_usergti.fits in fv and delete rows 5, 6 and 7

(b) Create a energy input file (eneinput_lag):

```
3.0 5.0  
5.0 7.0  
7.0 9.0  
9.0 11.0  
11.0 13.0  
13.0 15.0  
15.0 18.0  
18.0 22.0  
22.0 27.0  
27.0 33.0  
33.0 50.0
```

(c) jayashree@jayashree:~/Desktop/LT_workshop/Swift_J1658p2-4242/Analysis\$ **laxpc_find_freqlag -u seg_1_usergti.fits -p 12 -l 0.068 -h 10.0 -f 1.561 -e eneinput_lag -o 1.561Hz_Pow_level2.event level2.event.fits**

FRACTIONAL RMS & TIME LAG (QPO at 1.561 Hz)-II

OUTPUT: TPow_1.561Hz_Pow_level2.event 1Pow_1.561Hz_Pow_level2.event 3Pow_1.561Hz_Pow_level2.event
2Pow_1.561Hz_Pow_level2.event 6Pow_1.561Hz_Pow_level2.event 5Pow_1.561Hz_Pow_level2.event
4Pow_1.561Hz_Pow_level2.event 9Pow_1.561Hz_Pow_level2.event 8Pow_1.561Hz_Pow_level2.event
7Pow_1.561Hz_Pow_level2.event 11Pow_1.561Hz_Pow_level2.event 10Pow_1.561Hz_Pow_level2.event powfiles
Lag_1.561Hz_Pow_level2.event

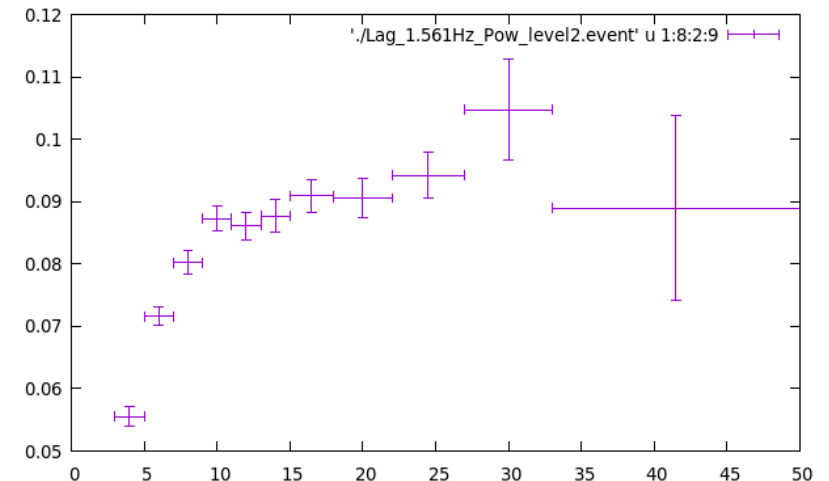
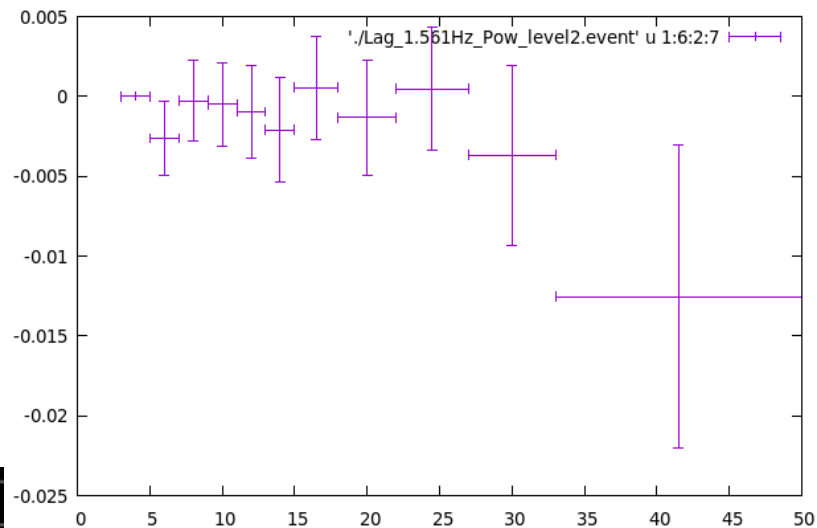
(d)~Swift_J1658p2-4242/Analysis\$ **gnuplot**

Plotting RMS variation

```
gnuplot> plot './Lag_1.561Hz_Pow_level2.event' u 1:8:2:9 w xyer
```

(Mid Point Energy (keV) , Intrinsic fractional r.ms., Energy Range (keV),

error on Intrinsic fractional r.ms.)



Plotting Time Lag

```
gnuplot> plot './Lag_1.561Hz_Pow_level2.event' u 1:6:2:7 w xyer
```

(Mid Point Energy (keV) , Time lag (secs), Energy Range (keV), error on time lag.)

TASK :

Create time lag and RMS variation for the second QPO at 1.740 Hz using the command:

```
laxpc_find_freqlag -u seg_2_usergti.fits -p 12 -l 0.098-h 10.0 -f 1.740 -e eneinput_lag -o  
1.740Hz_Pow_level2.event level2.event.fits
```

Here,

```
cp usergti.fits seg_2_usergti.fits
```

Open seg_2_usergti.fits in fv and delete rows 1, 2, 3 and 4