



- Using UVIT/FUV-Grating for Spectroscopy

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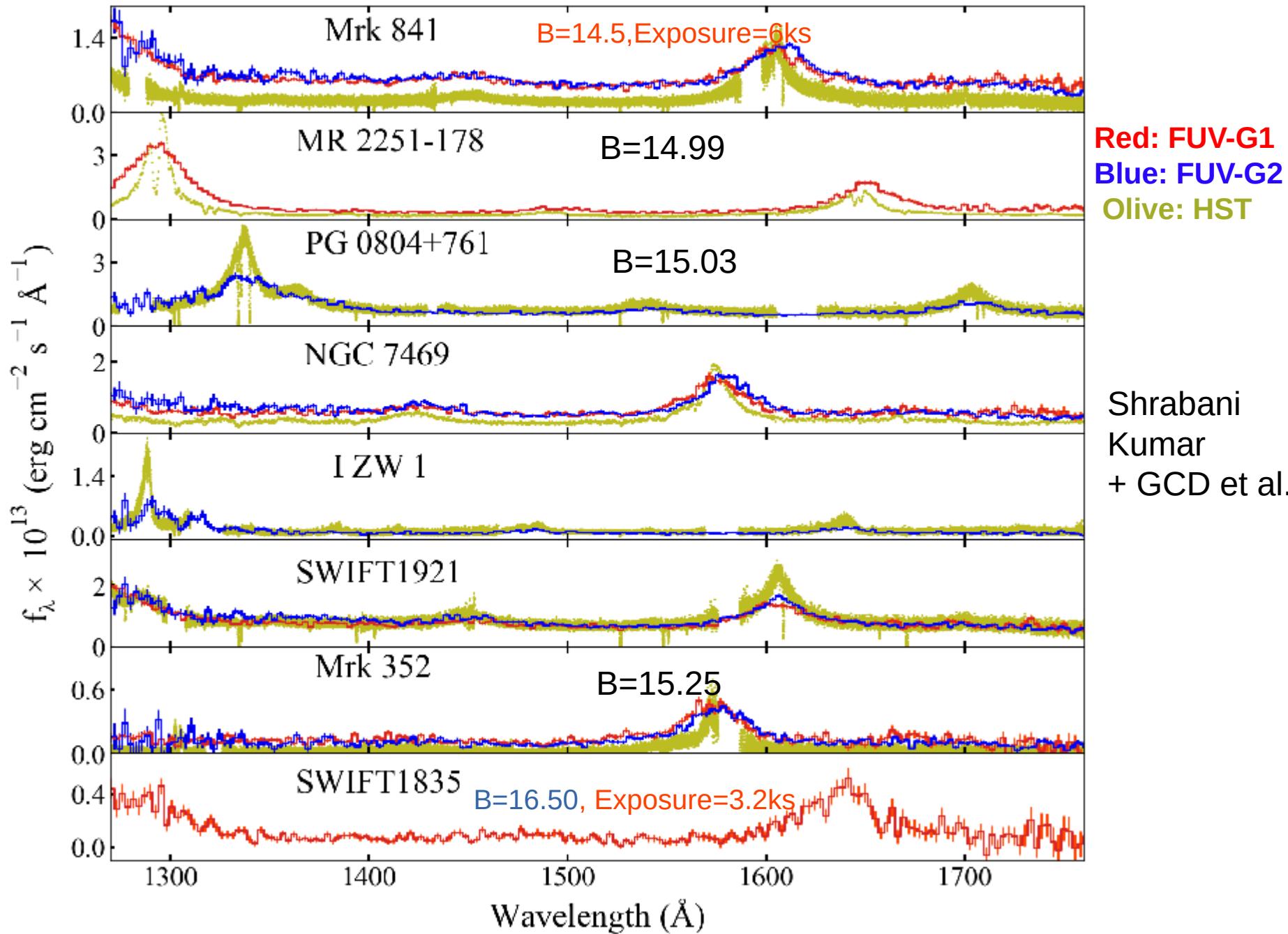
UVIT Gratings

Parameter	FUV-Grating1	FUV-Grating2	NUV-Grating
Filter Wheel Slot number	4	6	4
IDs in APPS	4 - grating1 (FUV)	6 - grating2 (FUV)	4 - grating (NUV)
IDs in CCDLAB	FUV_Grating1	FUV_Grating2	NUV_Grating
This paper	FUV-G1	FUV-G2	NUV-G
IDs in Tandon <i>et al.</i> (2020)	FUV1	FUV2	NUV
IDs in Tandon <i>et al.</i> (2017)	2nd FUV grating (#66126)	1st FUV grating (#63771)	NUV grating (#66125)
IDs in UVIT Pipeline	F4	F6	F4
$m = -1$ peak λ	–	–	2100Å
$m = -2$ peak λ	~ 1400Å	~ 1500Å	–
Spectral resolution (FWHM)	14.6Å	14.6Å	33Å

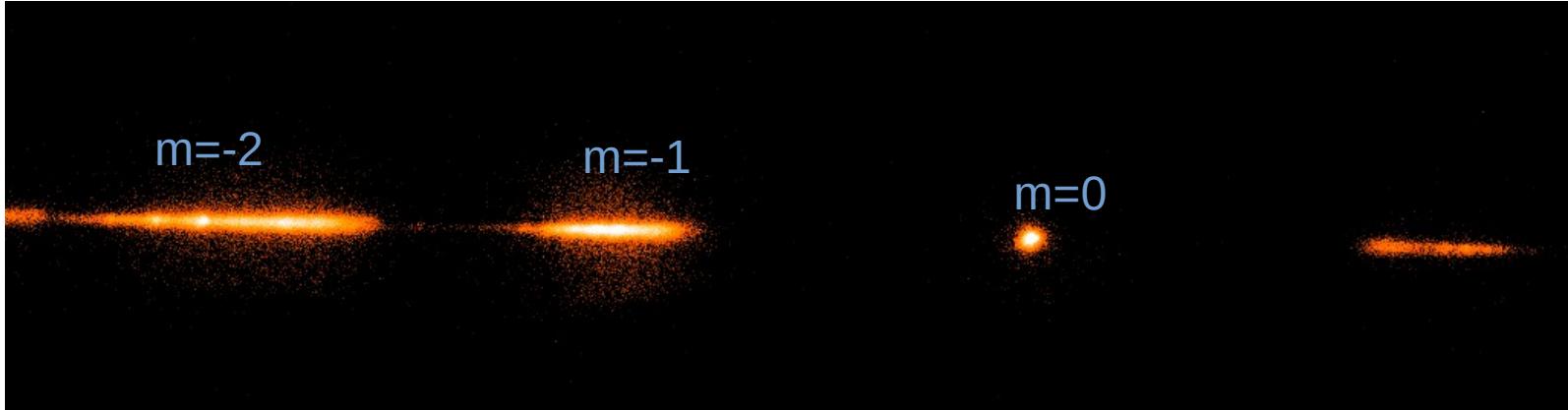
Useful for a variety of sources such as hot stars, interacting binaries, WD, CV, AGN, PN, XRB, etc.

Dewangan 2021, Tandon *et al.* 2017, 2020

NUV channel not available, no need to configure.

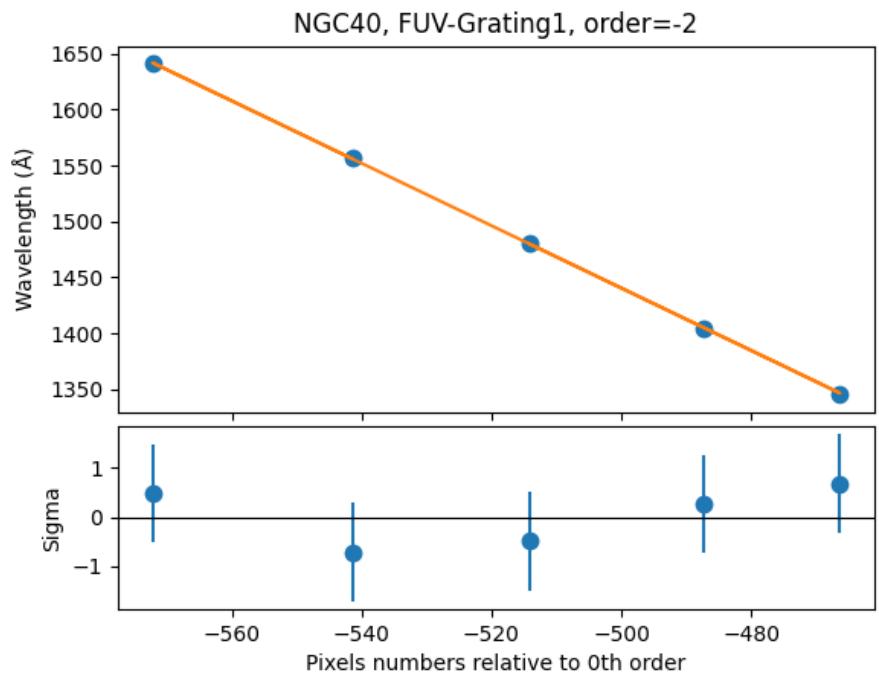
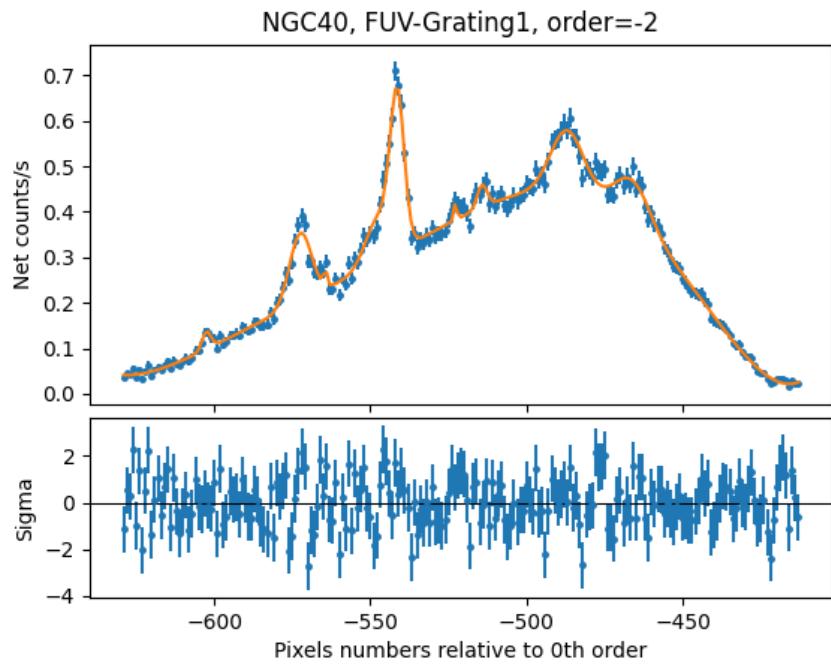


UVIT Grating Data

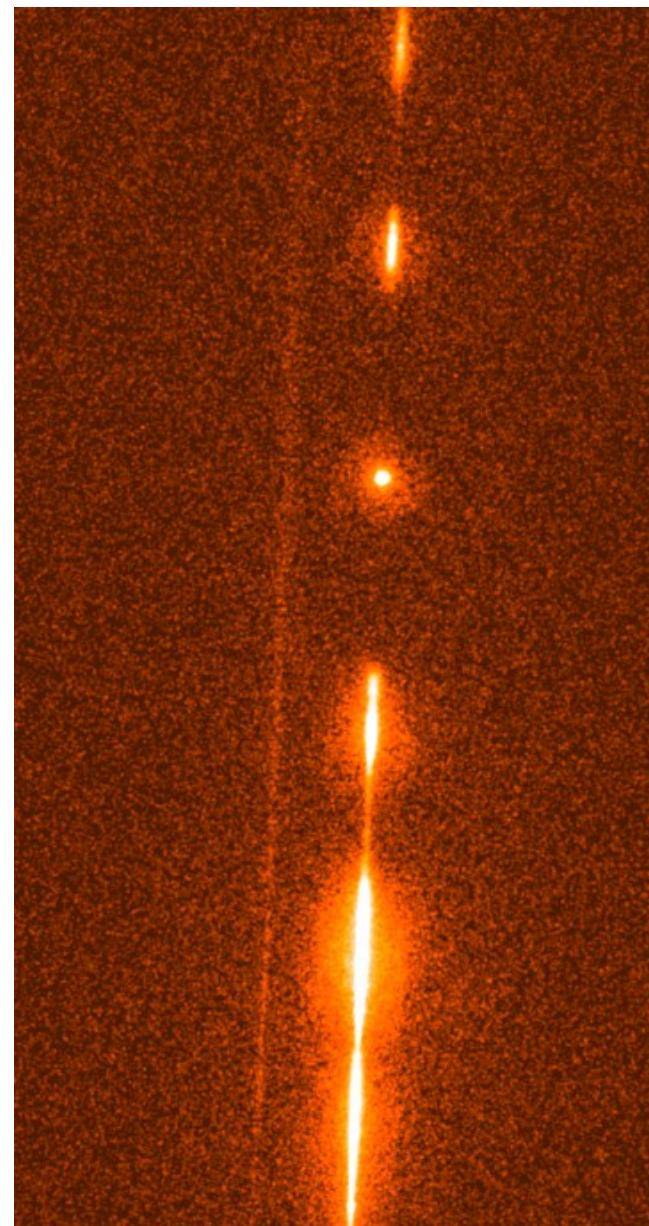
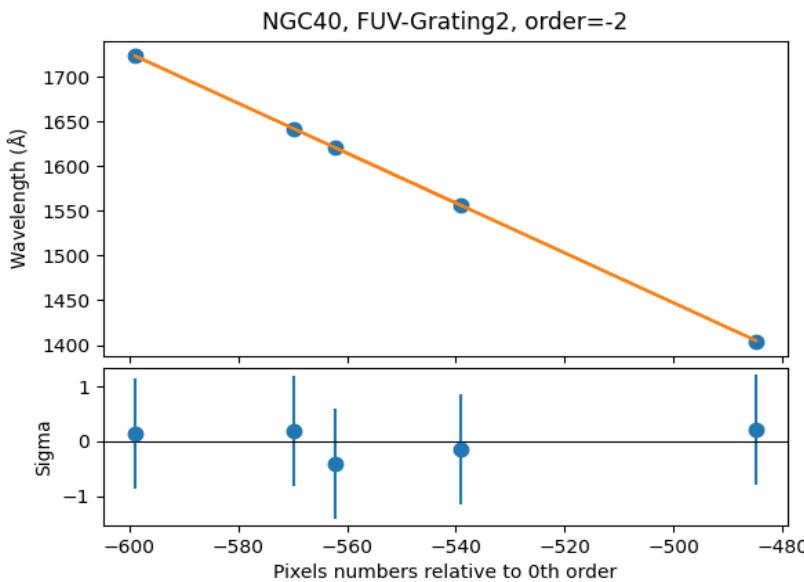
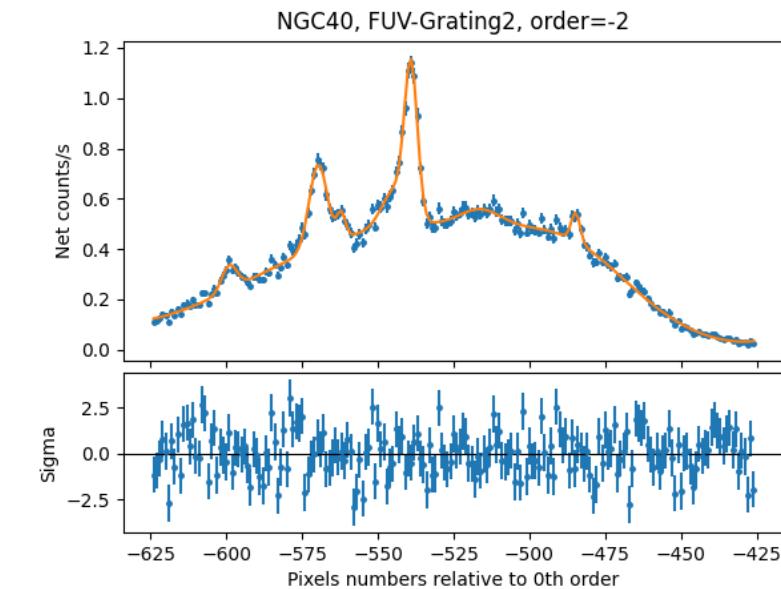


- Merged Level2 image (CCDLAB) in detector coordinates
- Identify 0, -1, -2 orders spectra of the target of interest
- Extract 1d spectrum (Dispersion axis slightly tilted wrt to X-axis (NUV-grating, FUV-grating1) or Y-axis (FUV-grating2)
- Counts Vs pixel numbers

FUV-Grating1 order=-2: Wavelength calibration



FUV-Grating2 order=-2: Wavelength calibration



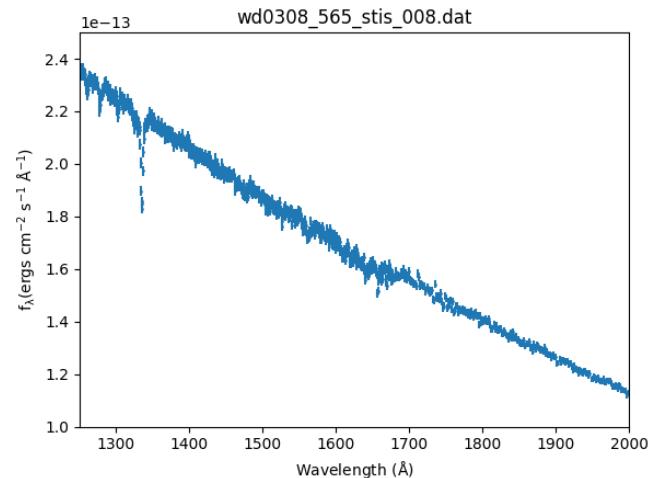
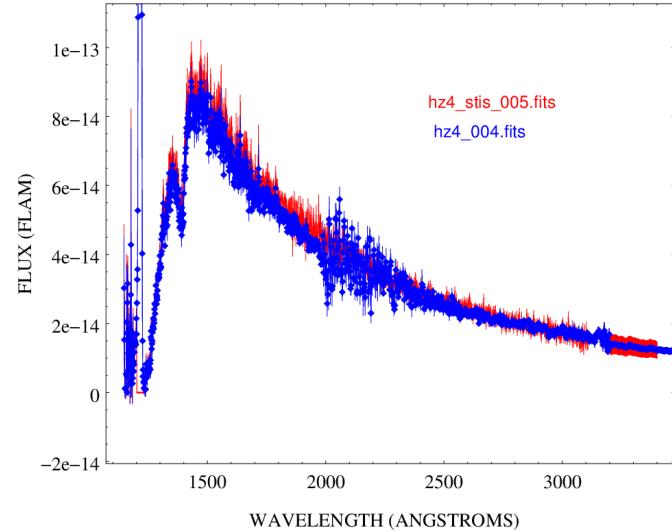
Effective Area & Flux Calibration

Use spectrophotometric standard such as a hot WD HZ4 or WD0305-564 with featureless spectra

$$C(X) = \int R_{X\lambda} A_\lambda f_\lambda \left(\frac{\lambda}{hc} \right) d\lambda$$

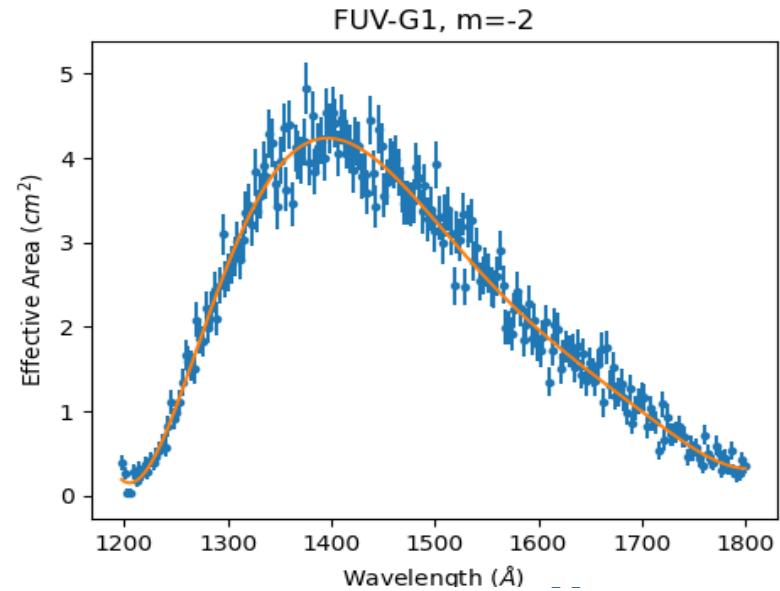
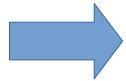
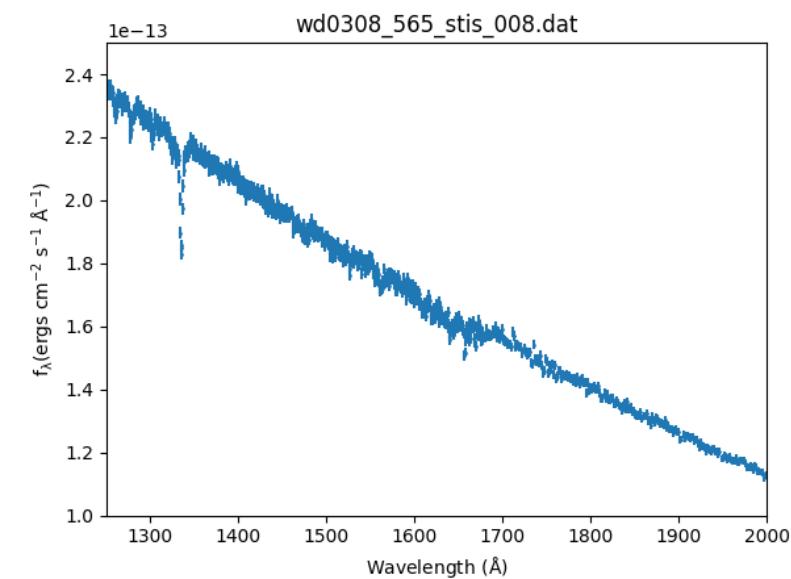
$$C_X = \sum_\lambda R_{X\lambda} A_\lambda f_\lambda \frac{\lambda}{hc}$$

$$f_\lambda = \frac{C_\lambda(hc/\lambda)}{A_\lambda}$$



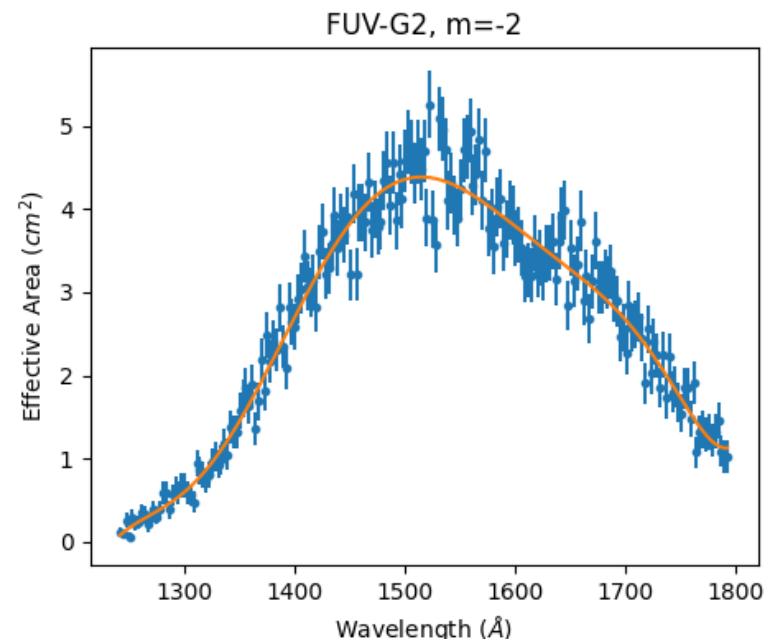
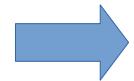
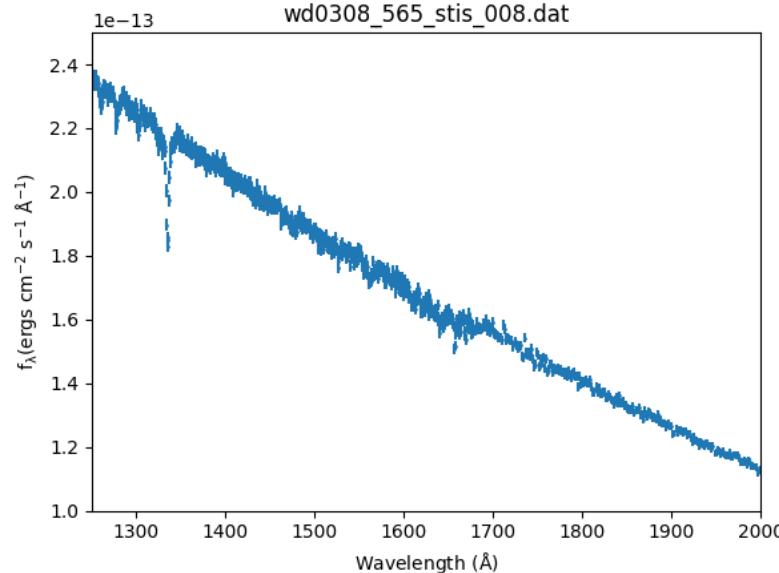
FUV-Grating1 order=-2: Effective area and flux calibration

Nov 2022 Calibration

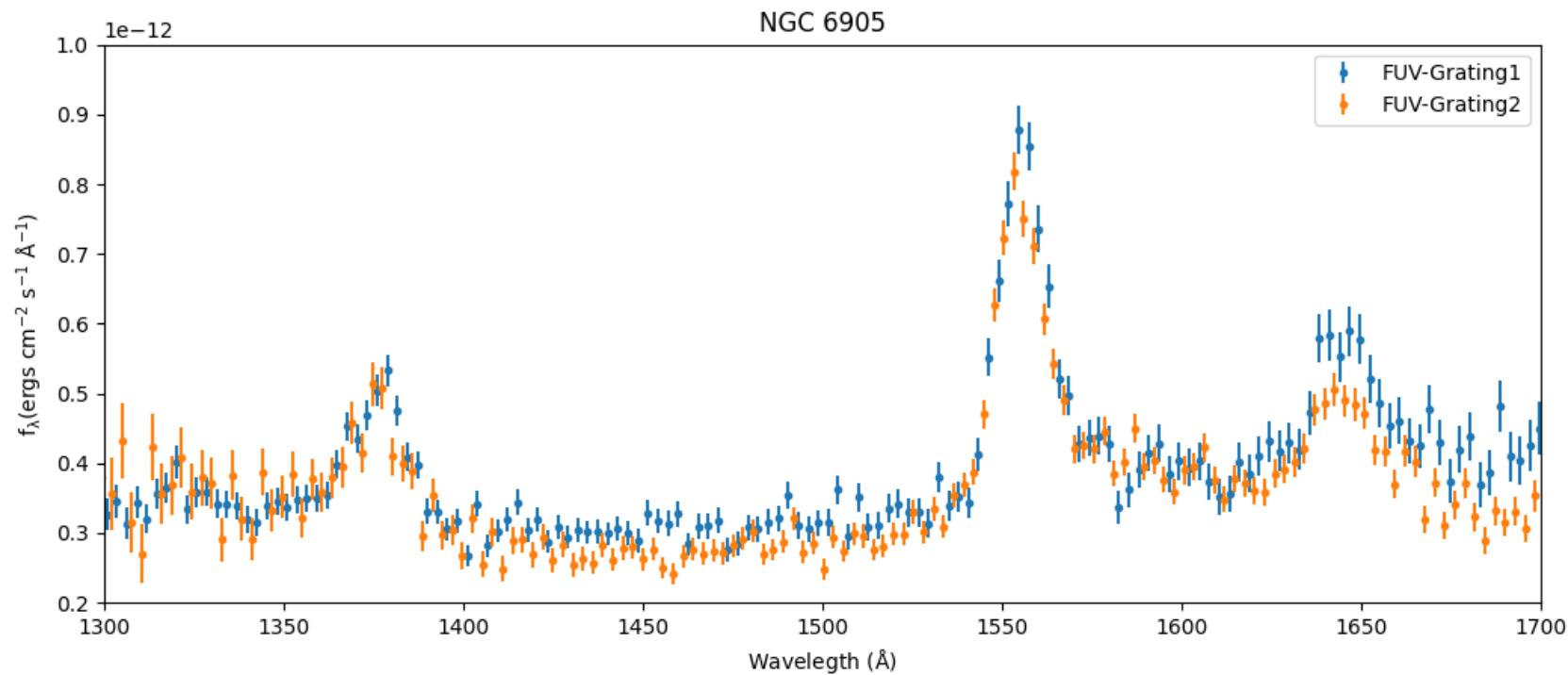


FUV-Grating2 order=-2: Effective area and flux calibration

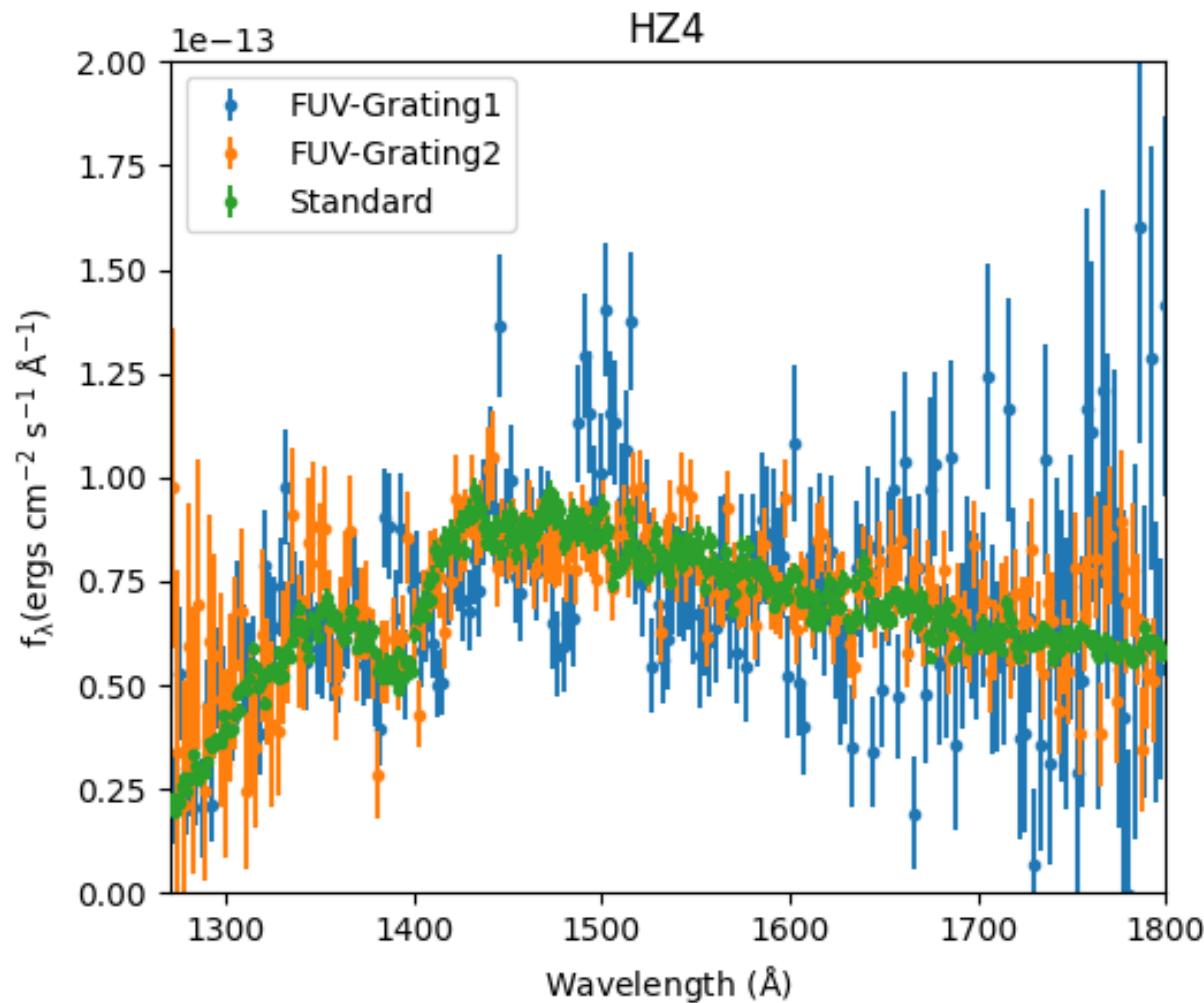
Nov 2022 Calibration



Checking Wavelength Calibration : NGC6905



Checking flux calibration: HZ4



Grating spectral response

$$D(I) = T \int R(I, E)A(E)f(E)dE + B(I)$$

T : Exposure time

R(I,E) : redistribution matrix (pixel no. => channel I)

UVIT gratings - Gaussian response to delta function

FWHM: 38.4A (NUV-grating), 16A(FUV-grating1), 14A(FUV-grating2)

A(E) : energy-dependent effective area of the telescope and detector system (in cm²), Effective area curves derived for the gratings

f(E): Source spectrum (in photons/cm²/s/keV)

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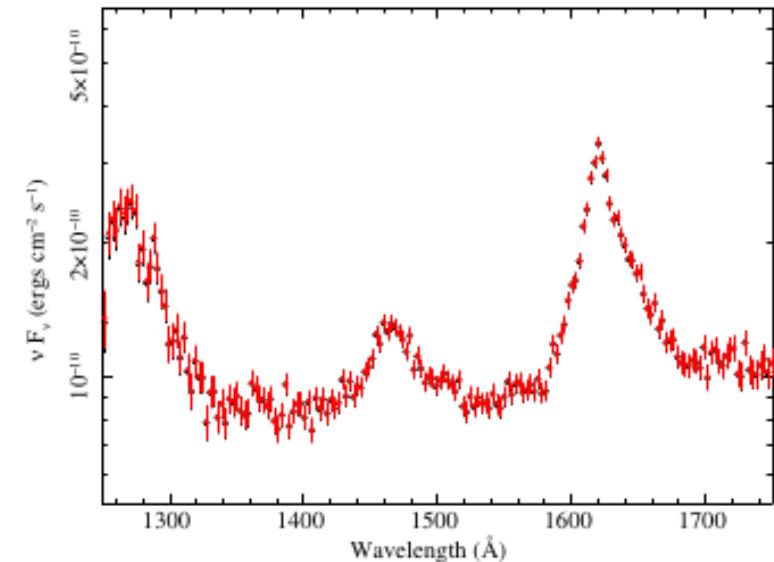
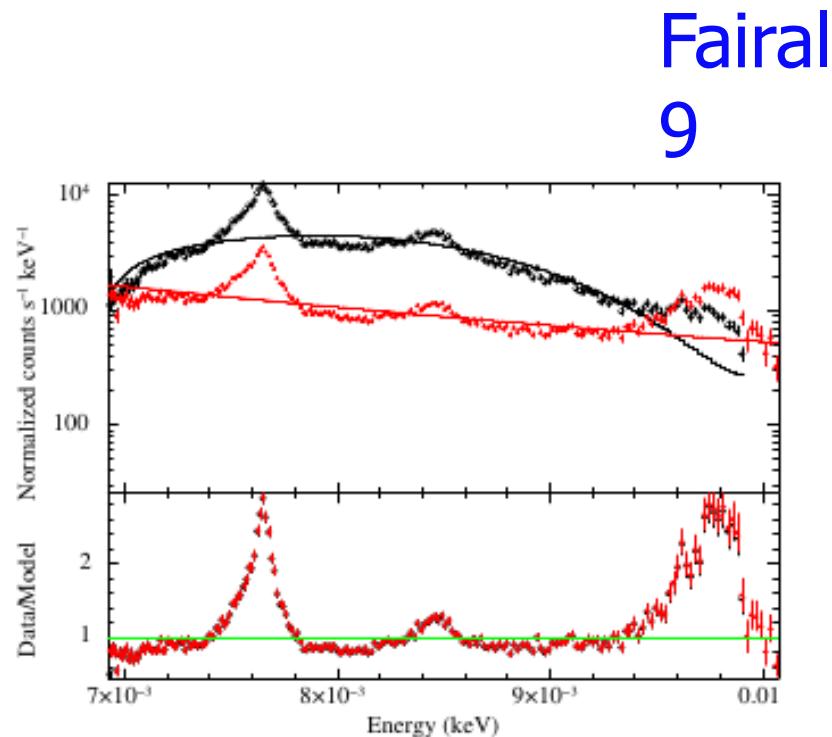
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Spectral fitting: Fluxed Vs PHA spectrum



UVITTools.jl: A julia package for UVIT/Grating Analysis
(Dewangan, 2021, JAA)

Simulating FUV Grating spectra

Spectral response files (includes effective area):

FUV/Grating1, m=-2 : fuv_grating1_m2_12nov22.rmf

FUV/Grating2, m=-2 : fuv_grating2_m2_12nov22.rmf

Background files

FUV/Grating1, m=-2 : FUV_Grating1_m2_bgd.pha

FUV/Grating2, m=-2 : FUV_Grating2_m2_bgd.pha

Spectral simulations with xspec in the same way as the X-ray spectra

1. Define a source model e.g., blackbody for a hot WD
2. UV spectra suffer from extinction, use a reddening model such as “redden” or “uvred” for the Galactic extinction. Need E(B-V) from literature or Convert from Galactic column.
3. Use the grating response and background to simulate a spectrum.

An example Spectral simulation

```
XSPEC12>model uvred * bbody  
Model uvred<1>*bbody<2> Source No.: 1 Active/On  
Model Model Component Parameter Unit Value  
par comp  
1 1 uvred E_BmV 4.00000E-02 +/- 0.0  
2 2 bbody kT keV 1.00000E-02 +/- 0.0  
3 2 bbody norm 1.00000E-02 +/- 0.0
```

```
XSPEC12>fakeit FUV_Grating1_m2_bgd.pha
```

For fake spectrum #1 response file is needed: fuv_grating1_m2_12nov22.rmf

...and ancillary file:

Use counting statistics in creating fake data? (y):

Input optional fake file prefix:

```
Fake data file name (fuv_grating1_m2_12nov22.fak):  
mysource_fuvg1_spec.fak
```

Exposure time, correction norm, bkg exposure time (3856.29, 1.00000, 3856.29): 5000,1,5000

```
XSPEC12>show rates
```

Spectral Data File: mysource_fuvg1_spec.fak

Assigned to Data Group 1 and Plot Group 1

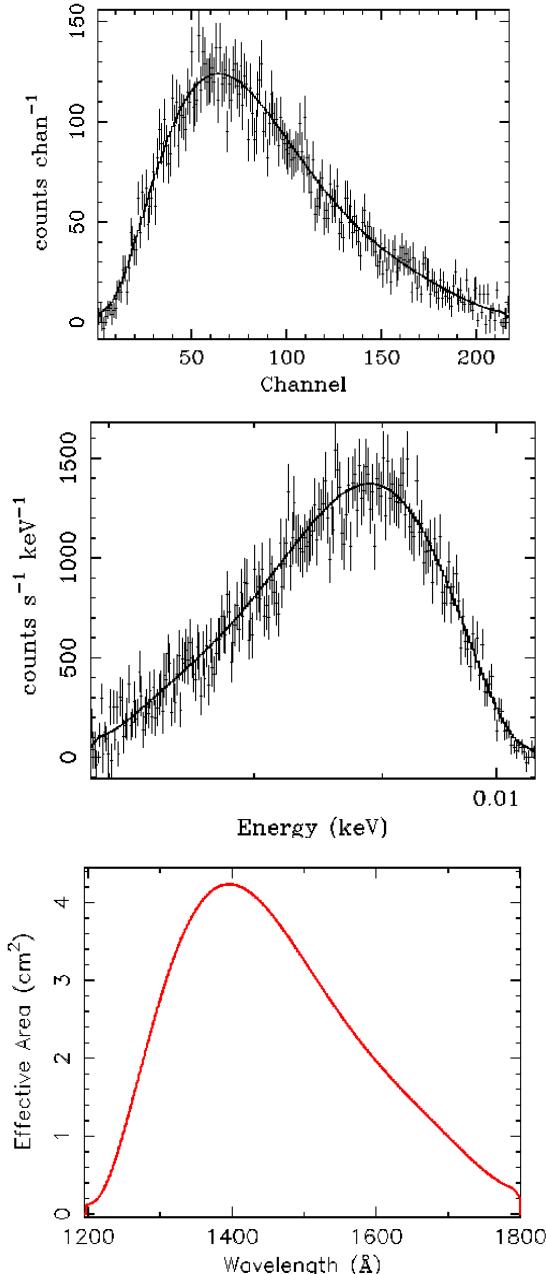
Net count rate (cts/s) for Spectrum:1 2.514e+00 +/- 2.474e-02 (90.2 % total)

Spectral data counts: 13933

Model predicted rate: 2.56165

```
XSPEC12>flux 0.007 0.010
```

Model Flux 0.95018 photons (1.2983e-11 ergs/cm^2/s) range (0.0070000 -



Thank You