

# Hands-on session

Simulation of energy spectrum using ISIS code  
***'astrosat.sl'***

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# Installation of ISIS and startup script

## ISIS Installation Guide

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For more information about isis, see: <http://space.mit.edu/cxc/isis/>

Send bug reports, comments and suggestions to: [isis-users@space.mit.edu](mailto:isis-users@space.mit.edu)

## Overview

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The easiest way to set up a new isis installation is to run an installation script that will automatically download and install isis and a few commonly used modules. This installation method is documented in Part I, [Scripted Installation](#).

For those who prefer greater control and customization, full details of the isis installation process are documented in Part II, [Manual Installation](#).

Once isis is installed, a number of optional components are available to support a variety of specialized tasks. For details, see Part III, [Optional Components](#).

## Loving ISIS - Confessions of a Former XSPEC User

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### Download the ISIS Startup Files and Example Data

[Here](#) is a gzipped, tar file that contains the following files:

```
./isisrc
./isisrc_conf
./isisrc_data
./isisrc_fitfun
./isisrc_flux
./isisrc_plots
```

These files are meant to be unpacked in your main directory. In the main `.isisrc` file, there is a `path` variable that needs to be edited to point to your main directory, so that the other `.isisrc_*` files will be loaded as well. *Important Note:* These files contain only my own custom `s-lang` routines. You still need to [download and install ISIS](#) separately!

The data shown and analyzed on these pages is found [here](#).

The script used to perform these analyses is found [here](#).

A brief description of the custom ISIS functions found in the above `.isisrc` files is found [here](#).

For links to more web pages with other useful ISIS modules and scripts, take a look at the [ISIS Power Tools](#) page.

# Walkthrough: simulation of the energy spectrum of black hole GX 339-4

- **Edit astrosat.sl: give path of response files**
  - change parameter values using `set_par()`; and `edit_par()`;
- **invoke isis**
- **isis> .load astrosat.sl**
- **isis>**  
**fit\_fun("tbabs\*(diskbb+gaussian+power law");**
  - We should have already prior knowledge of parameters with other satellite like RXTE, XMM-Newton
  - `isis> set_par(1,0.5);`
  - final value is
  - `isis> list_par;`
  - **simulate energy spectrum for laxpc2 for a particular exposure**
  - `isis> astrosat_laxpc2_simulate_spec(80000.0);`
  - `isis>fit;`
- **isis> list\_par;**

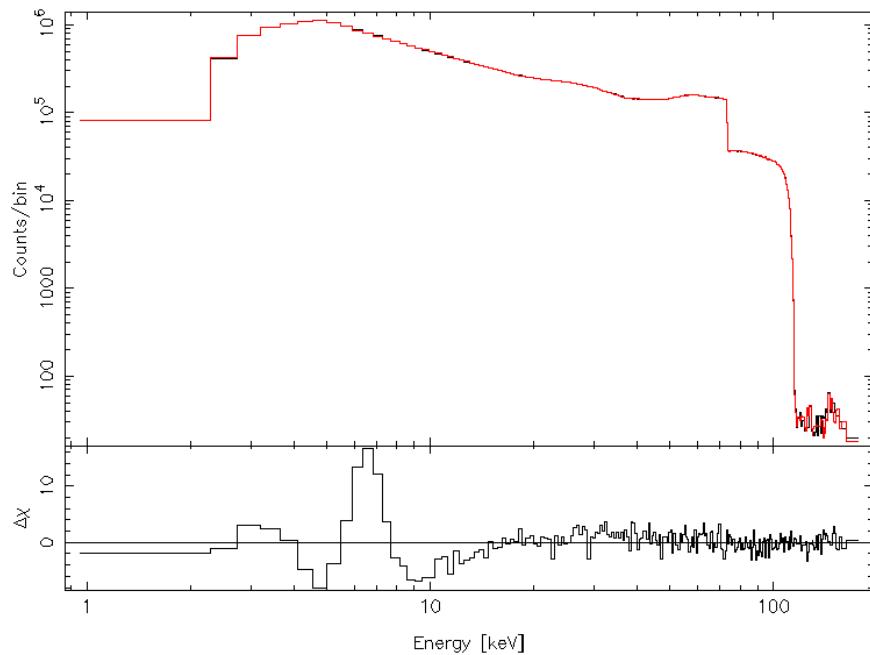
- **Plotting:**
- open\_plot();
- xlog;
- ylog;
- rplot\_counts;
- rebin\_data(1,20);
- rplot\_counts;
- close\_plot();
- **error calculation**
- conf\_loop search in manual at page no 188
- (pmin, pmax) = conf\_loop ([2,3,4,5,6,7,8] ; save,prefix="error");
- fit;
- **calculate flux for 3.0-80.0 keV.**
- model\_flux(1,3.0,80.0);
- 4.566269066439905e-09
- 0.1827672111992542

**To see iron line residual : remove gaussian model and plot.**

```
isis> fit_fun("tbabs*(diskbb+powerlaw)");
```

```
isis> fit;
```

```
isis> rplot_counts;
```



## **Minimum exposure time estimation**

### **Exposure time 1000 sec**

```
isis> fit_fun("tbabs*(diskbb+gaussian+powerlaw)");
fit;
delete_data(1);
astrosat_laxpc2_simulate_spec(1000.0)
eval_counts();
renorm_counts();
fit_counts();
(pmin, pmax) = conf_loop ([1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8] ; save,prefix="error_exposure_1000.");
Fit;
```

Now see the uncertainties of all parameters.

Now take another exposure like 10000 sec

And again check uncertainties of all parameters.

Uncertainty of parameters decreases as we increase exposure. In this way we can find optimum value of exposure.

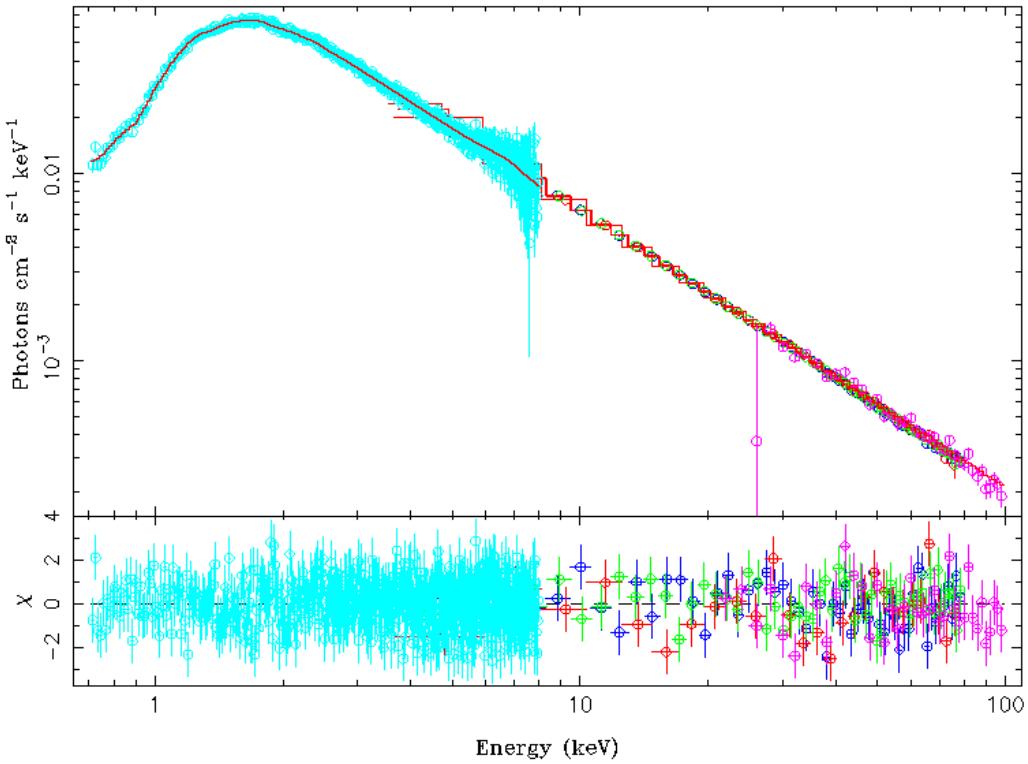
## Simultaneous plot of SXT, LAXPC, and CZTI

```
.load astrosat.sl  
fit_fun("tbabs*(diskbb+gaussian+powerlaw)");  
load_par("param_tb_db_ga_after_err.txt");  
astrosat_xray_simulate_spec(50000.0);  
fit;  
ignore_en(1,0.0,3.0);  
ignore_en(1,80.0,200.0);  
ignore_en(2,0.0,3.0);  
ignore_en(2,80.0,200.0);
```

```

ignore_en(3,0.0,3.0);
ignore_en(3,80.0,200.0);
ignore_en(4,0.0,0.7);
ignore_en(4,8.0,12.0);
ignore_en(5,0.0,20.0);
ignore_en(5,100.0,200.0);
eval_counts;
renorm_counts;
fit_counts;
xlog;
Ylog;
plot_unfold({1,2,3,4,5};dcol={4,2,3,5,6},res=1);

```



## UVIT simulation using astrosat.sl

isis

```
.load astrosat.sl  
fit_fun("tbabs*(diskbb+gaussian+powerlaw)");  
load_par("param_tb_db_ga_after_err.txt");  
isis> astrosat_uvit_fuv_baf2_sim(80000.0);
```

# **The End**